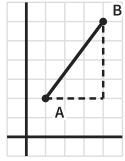


Coordinates and Pythagoras

1

Find the distance from (1, 2) to (4, 6).



across $4 - 1 = 3$
 up $6 - 2 = 4$
 distance $\sqrt{(3^2 + 4^2)} = 5$

Answer 5

2

Find the distance from (2, 1) to (14, 6).

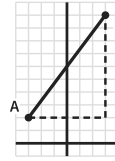


across $14 - 2 = 12$
 up $6 - 1 = 5$
 distance $\sqrt{(12^2 + 5^2)} = 13$

Answer 13

3

Find the distance from (-3, 2) to (3, 10).

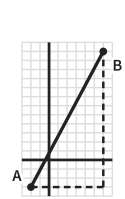


across $3 - (-3) = 6$
 up $10 - 2 = 8$
 distance $\sqrt{(6^2 + 8^2)} = 10$

Answer 10

4

Find the distance from (-2, -3) to (6, 12).

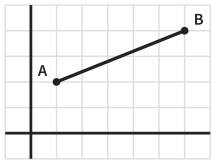


distance $\sqrt{(8^2 + 15^2)} = 17$

Answer 17

5

Find the distance from (1, 2) to (6, 4) to 1 decimal place.

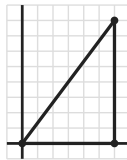


$\sqrt{5^2 + 2^2} = \sqrt{29}$

Answer 5.4

6

A triangle has corners at (0, 0), (6, 0) and (6, 8). Find its perimeter.

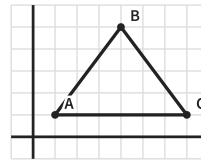


$6 + 8 + 10$

Answer 24

7

A is (1, 1), B is (4, 5) and C is (7, 1). Show that triangle ABC is isosceles.

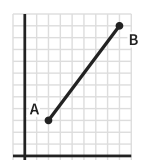


$AB = \sqrt{3^2 + 4^2}$, $BC = \sqrt{3^2 + 4^2}$

Answer $AB = BC = 5$

8

M is the midpoint of A(2, 3) and B(8, 11). Find the coordinates of M and the distance from M to A.



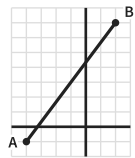
M is halfway across and up;
 $MA = \sqrt{3^2 + 4^2}$

Answer (5, 7), 5

Coordinates and Pythagoras further practice

9

Find the distance from (-4, -1) to (2, 7).



across 6, up 8

Answer 10

10

A circle has centre (0, 0) and radius 13. Does the point (5, 12) lie on the circle? Explain.

the distance from (0, 0) is
 $\sqrt{25 + 144} = 13$

Answer Yes

11

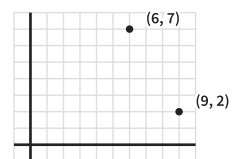
A is (1, 2) and B is (k, 6). $AB = 5$ and $k > 1$. Find k.

$(k - 1)^2 + 4^2 = 25$

Answer $k = 4$

12

Which point is closer to the origin, (6, 7) or (9, 2)?

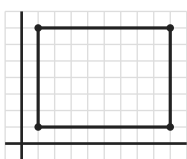


$36 + 49 = 85$ and $81 + 4 = 85$

Answer the same, $\sqrt{85}$

13

A rectangle has corners (1, 1), (9, 1), (9, 7) and (1, 7). Find the length of its diagonal.



across 8, up 6

Answer 10

14

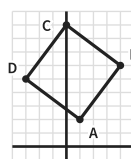
On a map one square is 1 km. A runner goes from (2, 1) to (5, 5), then on to (11, 13). How far does she run?

5 km + 10 km

Answer 15 km

15

ABCD is a square with A(1, 2), B(4, 6), C(0, 9) and D(-3, 5). Find its area.

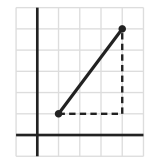


each side is $\sqrt{3^2 + 4^2} = 5$

Answer 25

16

Tia says the distance from (1, 1) to (4, 5) is $3 + 4 = 7$. Explain her mistake.



the distance is the hypotenuse:
 $\sqrt{3^2 + 4^2}$

Answer 5